## On Future-Making — Undoing Predictive Algorithms

Workshop – 09<sup>th</sup> - 10<sup>th</sup> December 2021

Organized by Dr. phil. Katia Schwerzmann

Graduiertenkolleg Media Anthropology, Bauhaus-University Weimar

The fundamental purpose of a large number of algorithms is to facilitate human decision-making through a calculus of risk. What governs their functioning is the preemptive logic of risk management. This logic is characteristic of late capitalist societies in which every course of action is evaluated in terms of calculated risks. In the public sector, risk assessment algorithms are deployed to "optimize" the management of "limited resources"—as in the case of the U.S. criminal justice system, which is closely tied to the prison-industrial complex. In the private sector, they are used to determine the quote for insurance policies, the attribution of credit, and the access to medical procedures. However, as Stefano Harney and Fred Moten have emphasized, the goal of neoliberal societies is not to eliminate risks *per se*; it is rather to modulate risks. In fact, neoliberal society's focus on risk management consists of using risk as a motor for carefully-planned changes that submit the population—primarily the disenfranchised and racialized portion of it—to increasing contingency and flexibility. This deliberate instability renders individuals susceptible to ongoing adjustment and control.

Risk management algorithms have led to new forms of preemptive surveillance that consist of the management of in/accessibility. For instance, the borders of contested regions of the globe are drawn differently depending on the geographic position of the user on Google Maps and other online mapping tools. The preemptive temporality of surveillance is ensured through two strategies: first, by precluding access based on the geographically localized, hyper-specific ethnoracial and economic position under which an individual is categorized; and second, by making this individually specified in/accessibility invisible to the individual surveilled. The extreme specificity of in/accessibility leads to the increasing fragmentation of the world. Under these circumstances, how is it possible to create the common ground necessary for the democratic act of deciding together about a shared world?

Following the dominating consequentialist and utilitarian framework justifying the use of predictive algorithms, decision-making appears to be reducible to the computation of the means towards an end. Decision-making, however, always entails the conjunction of a certain level of calculus and the contingency of the institutive-performative moment of decision. Yet, through an aura of "enchanted determinism" (Campolo & Crawford 2020), algorithms systematically mask the contingency of the decisions that go into their creation, producing an affect of inevitability. Nonetheless, given the entanglement between humans and machines and the recursive logic of risk assessment algorithms, the decisions based on predictions induce a *de facto* determinism. The future escapes its programming less and less; its openness diminishes with every optimization. Yet ironically, the biggest "risk" for



humankind that already constitutes the reality for millions of people—climate change—seems to escape preemptive actions, while appearing at the same time incontestable *qua* predictions.

If predictive algorithms are used to constrain the future by delimiting the frame of what is *preemptively* allowed to happen following an implicit and unquestioned norm of "the good," isn't it necessary to call for the abolition of the predictive framework for algorithms and ask instead how algorithms could be used to open futures rather than infinitely constrain them?

## Information

The workshop is public and will be held online. Registration is not required.

Participation link will be made available on the website beforehand.

## **Participants**

Louise Amoore

Alex Campolo

Deanna Cachoian-Schanz

Mark B.N. Hansen

N. Katherine Hayles

Luciana Parisi

Matteo Pasquinelli

Katia Schwerzmann

Website

Dr. Katia Schwerzmann www.uni-weimar.de/futuremaking

Contact <u>www.uni-weimar.de/grama</u>

katia.schwerzmann@uni-weimar.de <u>www.katiaschwerzmann.net</u>

